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SCIENTIFIC NOTE

Lepturine Longhorns Collected on Chinquapin Bloom (Coleoptera: Cerambycidae).—The forested regions of western Oregon are moderately rich in members of the cerambycid tribe Lepturini. Adults of most species of these anthophilous beetles appear in the spring and early summer and collectively visit the blossoms of a wide variety of herbaceous and woody plants. Periods of activity vary with altitudinal distribution but usually by late July many species and their host flowers have disappeared. However, there are some lepturines which fly throughout July and August in the middle elevations of the Cascades, and for these chinquapin appears to be a favored and important source of pollen. Giant chinquapin, *Chrysolepsis chrysophylla* (Dougl. ex Hood.) Hjelmquist, is widely distributed in the Cascade and Coast ranges and its showy catkins of creamy white, heavily fragrant flowers are commonly in evidence from July to early September. Eleven species of longhorns were collected on chinquapin blossoms as follows: *Anoplodera amabilis* LeC., *A. canadensis* Oliv., *A. chrysocoma* Kirby, *A. crassicornis* LeC., *A. crassipes* LeC., *A. dehiscens* LeC., *A. dolorosa* LeC., *A. tibialis* LeC., *Leptura obliterated* Hald., *L. propinqua* Bland. and *Stenocorus flavolineatus* (LeC.). Species diversity and abundance varied with locality except for *A. canadensis* and *S. flavolineatus* which were represented by single specimens. Collection records include: ½ mile east of Suttle Lake Junction, Jefferson County, August 1, 1973; three miles east of Santiam Pass, Jefferson County, August 1, 1973 and; 13.2 miles south of Marion Forks, Linn County, August 4, 1973. *A. crassicornis* has been found abundantly on chinquapin on Doak Mountain, Klamath County, along with a few specimens of *A. amabilis* and *A. dehiscens*.—RICHARD L. PENROSE AND RICHARD L. WESTCOTT, Oregon Department of Agriculture, Salem 97310.